Postoperative Management of The First Lung Transplantation from a Brain-Dead Donor at Fukuoka University Hospital

Takamitsu Hamada¹), Shigenori Iwakiri¹, Masanobu Yasumoto²), Yuichi Yamashita²), Takeshi Shiraishi⁴), Masafumi Hiratsuka⁴), Mitsuteru Munakata⁴), Takayuki Shirakusa⁴), Akira Hayashi⁵), Yurie Takishita⁵), Mami Sakamoto⁵), Shinjiro Shono¹), Kiyoshi Katori¹), Keiichi Nitahara¹) and Kazuo Higa¹)

- ¹⁾ Department of Anesthesiology, Fukuoka University School of Medicine
- ²⁾ Division of Operating Service, Fukuoka University Hospital
- 3) Department of Gastrointestinal Surgery, Fukuoka University School of Medicine
- ⁴⁾ Department of Thoracic Surgery, Fukuoka University School of Medicine
- ⁵⁾ Division of Nursing Service, Fukuoka University Hospital

Abstract: We herein report the postoperative management of the first lung transplantation from a brain-dead cadaver donor at Fukuoka University Hospital. The patient was a 32-year old male. He suffered bronchiolitis obliterans caused by graft versus host disease after undergoing a bone marrow transplantation for malignant lymphoma. A left-sided single lung transplantation was performed. The patient tolerated both ischemia-reperfusion injury and acute rejection and was successfully weaned from the ventilators on the 4th postoperative day. He was discharged from the surgical intensive care unit on the 12th postoperative day.

Key words: Brain-dead donor lung transplantation, Bronchiolitis obliterans, Ischemia-reperfusion injury, Acute rejection